

AN INTRODUCTION TO THE METHODS OF WD. GANN

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All the charts in this article were created using the WaveTrader/CycleTrader program

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William Delbert Gann (or as he preferred W.D. Gann) was a pioneer in the area of time and price analysis of market activity. Born in Lufkin Texas in 1878, Gann's basic premise was the future is just a repetition of the past and that time governed all market movements.

Gann traded with and taught time and price analysis methods that could predict market highs and lows. Gann reputedly had the knowledge to forecast the price and time of the yearly high and low for commodities and stocks.

Each year Gann published a forecast for the following year. In 1928 he published a forecast of the date of the September 1929 US Stock Market High and that a Black Friday would occur A FULL YEAR IN ADVANCE.

In 1932 he recommended buying stocks at the all time low in the Dow in June and July.

Gann died in 1955 leaving his partner in the publishing company Lambert-Gann, Ed Lambert, responsible for the Gann knowledge.

In the 1960's Billy Jones purchased what remained of Gann's papers, charts and copyrights to his published works from Ed Lambert. It took a semi-trailer to remove all of it!! Billy has since passed away but his wife, Niki is now the custodian and has the Gann material in safe keeping. Her address is <http://www.wdgann.com/index.htm>



1878-1955

W.D. Gann, both a keen trader and a workaholic, published many books the titles were:

- The Truth of the Stock Tape
- How to Make Profits from Puts and Calls
- Tunnel through the Air
- Magic Word
- How to Make Profits in Commodities
- 45 Years In Wall Street and New Stock Trend Detector As well he produced many instructional courses on trading later compiled by Billy Jones into 2 trading courses; The W.D. Gann Commodity Course and the W.D. Gann Stock Market Course.

Gann was a prolific researcher throughout his lifetime with interests in numerology, weather forecasting and astrology. A very religious man and a 33rd degree mason, Gann claimed he learnt about forecasting price movements from the Bible. His knowledge of mathematical and astrological relationships was very advanced. He used this knowledge to formulate trading and technical analysis techniques which students could follow to identify support and resistance levels for most free trading markets.

Gann and the creator of Elliott Wave theory - R.N. Elliott - shared some similar beliefs about market activity. Gann believed that Bull or Bear campaigns took 3 or 4 sections to complete the move. Elliott believed that there were 3 impulse waves in a Bull or Bear trend, with the possibility of an extended 5th Wave to give Gann's 4th section. Gann believed that markets most commonly retraced 1/2 (50%), 5/8s (62.5%) or 3/8s (37.5%) of the previous range. Elliott believed that markets most commonly retraced 61.8%, 50 % or 38.2% of the previous range.

Gann had an arsenal of price tools he taught students and it was reputed he charged \$5000 for a weekend course in the early 1950's, before his death in 1955. This article will cover many of Gann's important time and price tools. Other tools such as The Square of Nine, Square of 144, Square of 90, Hexagon Chart and Gann's various Master Calculators will be covered in future articles

Gann's books are required reading for any trader or analyst who wishes to understand the basic ways to view any market. The knowledge outlined in his works can easily be overlooked due to the abundance of information he presented. Just the same the pattern of information remains identical throughout all of his published work. Gann always said "History Repeats" and repetition was his way for students to get the message.

Gann's work included Money Management Rules and Trading Psychology concepts expounded by many of today's top traders. He believed that you did not have to be in the market all the time to make money. Here are some quotes from W.D. Gann taken from his last book, **How to Make Profits in Commodities**. Page 11. Published by Lambert-Gann.

- "TIME TO STAY OUT OF THE MARKET: This is something important for everyone to know. You cannot make money by trading in the market every day or by getting in and out every day. There comes a time when you should stay out, WATCH and WAIT until you determine a DEFINITE CHANGE IN TREND. Long periods of rest and relaxation protect your health and help your judgment which will result in profits later."

"THE BEST WAY TO TRADE: The most money is made by swing trading, or in the long pull trades, that is following a definite trend as long as the market trend is up or down, you must learn by rules to wait until the market gets out of a rut or a trading range. Wait for a definite indication that it is going higher or lower, before you take a

position for a long pull trade. Always figure that YOU CAN BE WRONG and that the market could reverse. Therefore, follow your profits up with a STOP LOSS ORDER, or get out when you get a definite indication that the market has reached a turning point and that the trend is changing."

As a picture is worth a thousand words we will now look at some charts. Please examine each chart closely as there are some important points on them.

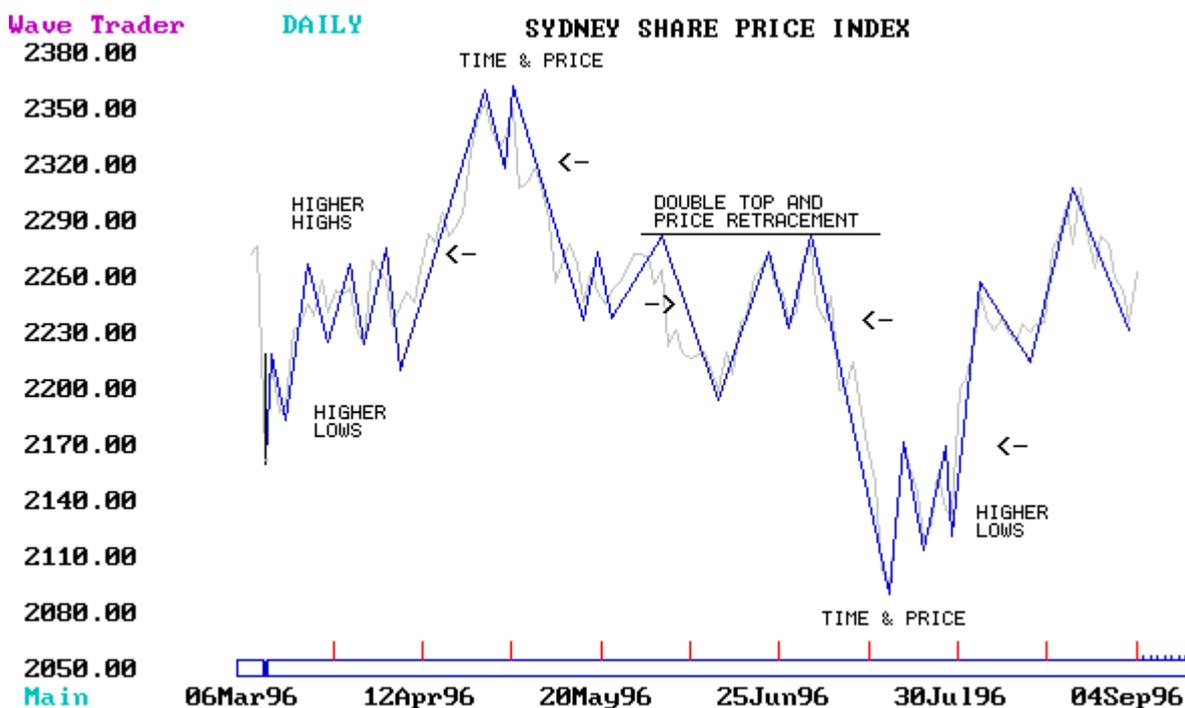


FIGURE - 1. GANN SWING CHART SHOWING TRADE ENTRY LEVELS

Gann's main trading philosophy was to trade with a close stop loss and select the most opportune trades in the direction of the main trend. To confirm a trend was in progress, he would look for lower highs and higher lows to form after a major reversal in trend. The method he used to monitor trends and filter out any random market noise was the Swing Chart. Figure 1 shows an example of a Swing chart. After July 30 1996 Gann would have said the trend in the SPI was up as it was making higher lows and higher highs. Gann would be a buyer of the SPI from 2170.

Gann placed a lot of importance on the daily price patterns. He talked at length on the different types of reversal patterns you can use to identify an imbalance between supply and demand.

Figure - 2 shows some of the bar chart patterns Gann looked for to confirm turning points or to get him out of trades quickly with minimal loss.

SYDNEY SHARE PRICE INDEX

date 960502
high 2367.00

WaveTrader
Analysis
Software

low 2086.00
date 960717



FIGURE - 2. REVERSAL PATTERNS HELP IDENTIFY SWING POINTS

Gann taught students to face the facts and eliminate hope and fear. For instance, if a trader receives a margin call, he should close the position immediately, for the chances are he is wrong. He also taught that a successful trader studies human nature and does the opposite of what the general public does. Most traders lose money because they are too greedy, they over trade, they expect abnormal profits in normal markets.

Gann's analysis techniques for predicting major market tops and bottoms were based on cycles. Gann believed that the future was only a repetition of the past. Gann maintained that as each new generation exerted its influence on the markets similar bull and bear markets would unfold.

Gann's 20 year cycle relies on the fact that human nature never changes. Therefore as each new generation came to power they would behave similarly. Their inexperience in speculation would cause markets to rise and fall to prices unwarranted by supply and demand. The result is that when the BOOM is over, the young generation suffer severe losses, get some valuable experience and are not eager to try it again. To predict a top or bottom for the year Gann would look at the market activity in the years back 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60 and 100 years for similar conditions.

The first basic technique Gann taught students was to watch anniversary dates with past market tops and bottoms for a change in trend. When it came to shorter term analysis of time, Gann devised a system of counting off time in solar degrees of a year from past market tops and bottoms. He counted divisions of the year in eighths and thirds. When clusters of time counts from past tops and bottoms highlighted a future date, that date was significant for a reversal of trend.

Figure -3 shows the major anniversaries in the All Ordinaries

AUSTRALIAN SHARE MARKET - ALL ORDINARIES INDEX

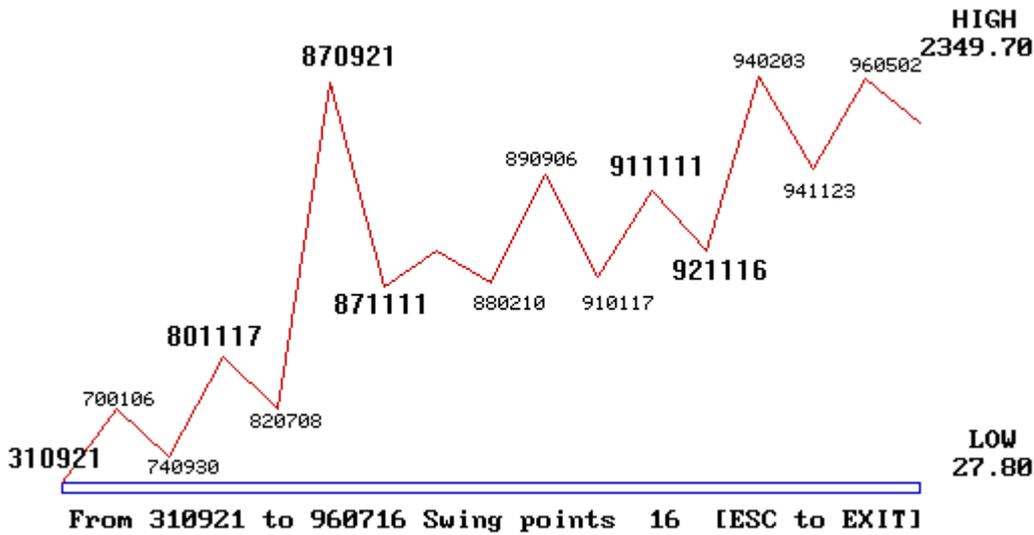
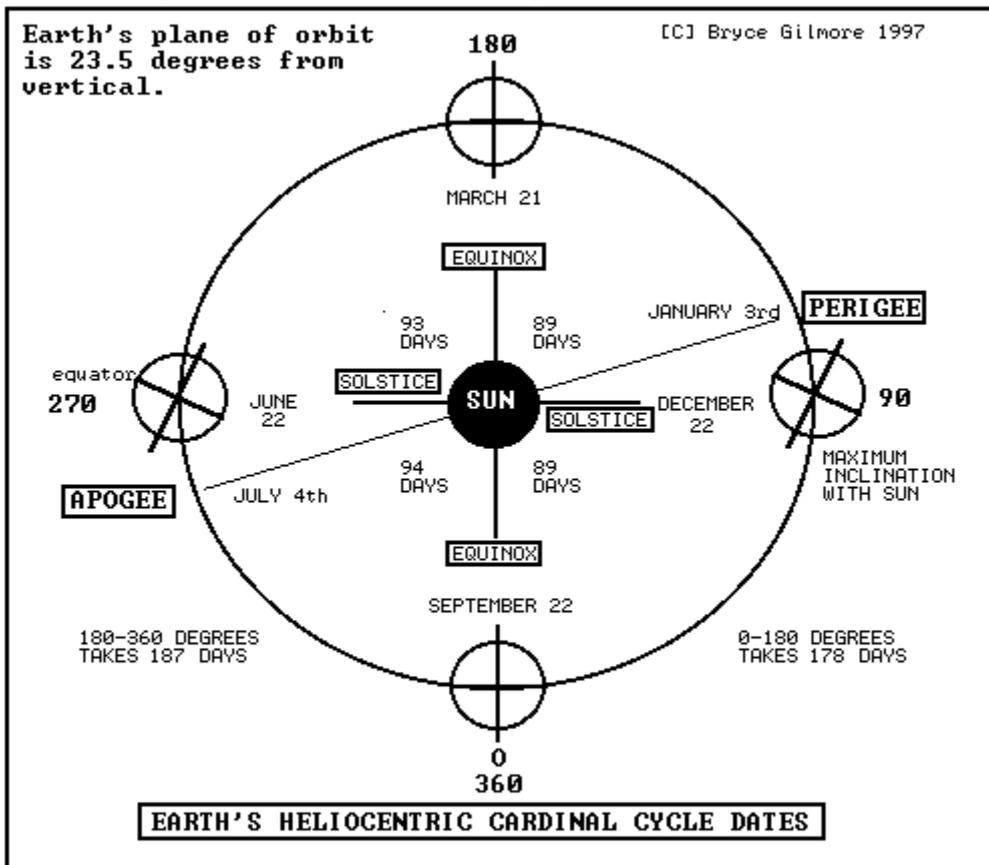


FIGURE - 3. ANNIVERSARY DATES

The cycle of one year has 365 days. The circle of one year has 360 degrees. The Earth revolves around the Sun in an elliptical path moving closer to and away from the Sun during its orbit. This is the reason the days and degrees relationships speed up and slow down. To explain, there are 4 cardinal points in the circle, 90, 180, 270 and 360 degrees.



As the Earth moves around the Sun the daylight hours progressively get longer and shorter every six months. The shortest day of the year in the Southern hemisphere is June 21, (in the Northern hemisphere it's the longest day), the shortest day is known as the Winter Solstice (this is 270°). The longest day of the year is December 22, 90°, the summer solstice.

September 21 (360°) and March 21 (180°) are the days when daylight and darkness are equal, these are the Equinoxes.

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The four seasons of the year evolve around these 4 points. Some people may recognise

these cardinal points at angles 180 degrees opposed to this explanation.

Refer to Figure - 4 and note that the 2310 high in late August 96 came on 1.75 (1 and 3/4 years) x 360° or 630° solar degrees from the November 23 1994 Low at 1793.

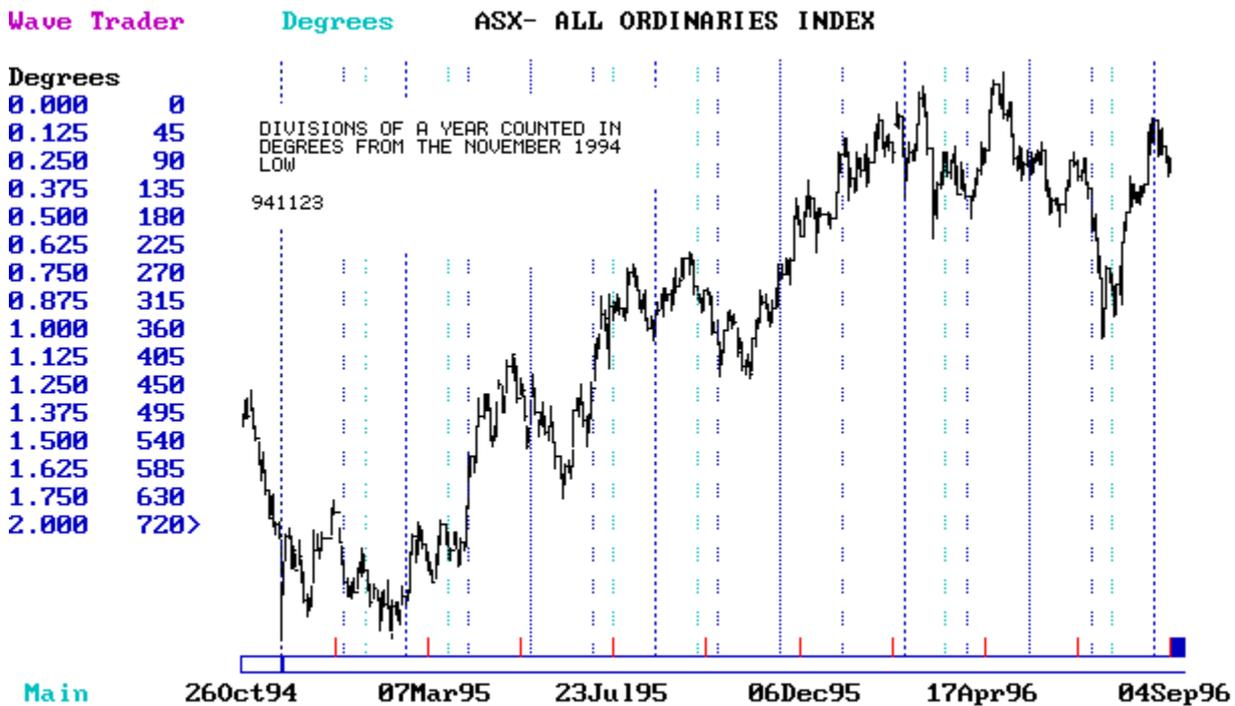


FIGURE - 4. GANN TIME COUNTS IN DEGREES 1/8th AND 1/3rd RATIOS

It is important to realize that the Earth takes 179 days to move from 0° to 180° around the Sun. Yet, it takes 186 days to move from 180° to 360° around the Sun. The two points in the circle, of one year, where the relationships between days and degrees begin speeding up and slowing down are the perigee and the apogee. The perigee (distance to the Sun is closest) occurs about January 3 each year, the apogee (distance to the Sun is furthest) occurs July 4 each year.

When comparing cycles it is preferable to work in degrees for greater accuracy, for this you need to use an ephemeris or a computer program, such as CycleTrader, capable of calculating degrees precisely.

Gann developed a unique method of squaring price to time and time to price. He taught that every stock or commodity maintained a vibration where there was a relationship between 1 degree of price to 1 degree of time. The difficulty with many stocks and commodities is in finding what value represents 1 degree of price. For the purposes of this demonstration I have used the All Ordinaries Index and used 1 unit of price to 1 unit of time.

A market can square price to time in several different ways.

1. Price units in a trend equal time units in a trend.
2. Base price equals time units to a new change in trend.

3. Prior price range equals times units to a new change in trend.
4. Prior time units equals next price range to a new change in trend.
5. Current price equals time units from a prior change in trend. (zero angle).

To keep a track of the position of his price to time he would draw GANN ANGLES up from lows and down from highs. He also used 4 to 1, 2 to 1, 1 to 2 and 1 to 4 angles. 1-4 means 1 unit of time to 1/4 unit of price.

If you study Figure 5 carefully you will see an example of each of the methods Gann used to determine when a change in trend could eventuate.

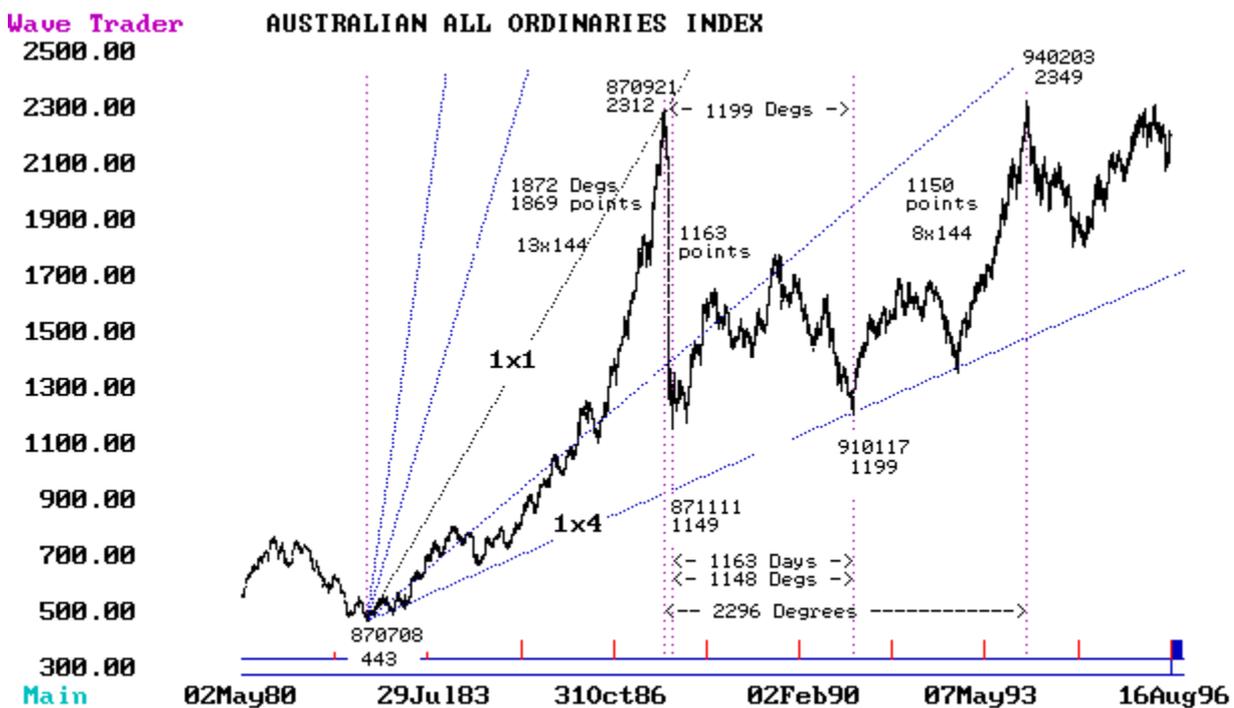


FIGURE - 5. GANN EXAMPLES OF PRICE AND TIME SQUARING RELATIONSHIPS

Gann placed extreme importance on squaring between price ranges, these could be retracement levels or alternating campaigns. The All Ordinaries Index between 1991 and 1994 is a perfect example of squaring between price ranges.

See Figure - 6. Range 2 is 2 times range 1.



FIGURE - 6. PRICE RANGE SQUARING BETWEEN SIMILAR CAMPAIGNS

The example in Figure - 7 epitomizes everything about Gann's knowledge of order within the market. The time by degrees in each alternate trend "squared" between extreme tops and bottoms. This example should get any trader's or analyst's attention.



FIGURE - 7. TIME SQUARING BETWEEN ALTERNATE TOPS & BOTTOMS

When I first read Gann's words, "Time is the most important indicator. When time is up the market must change trend." I crossed the threshold of market knowledge, inspired to learn more. Ever since, I have been rewarded with a knowledge allowing me the patience to wait for the major setups to trade. The principals illustrated here will work with all degree of market trends, anything from 7 days to 5 years.

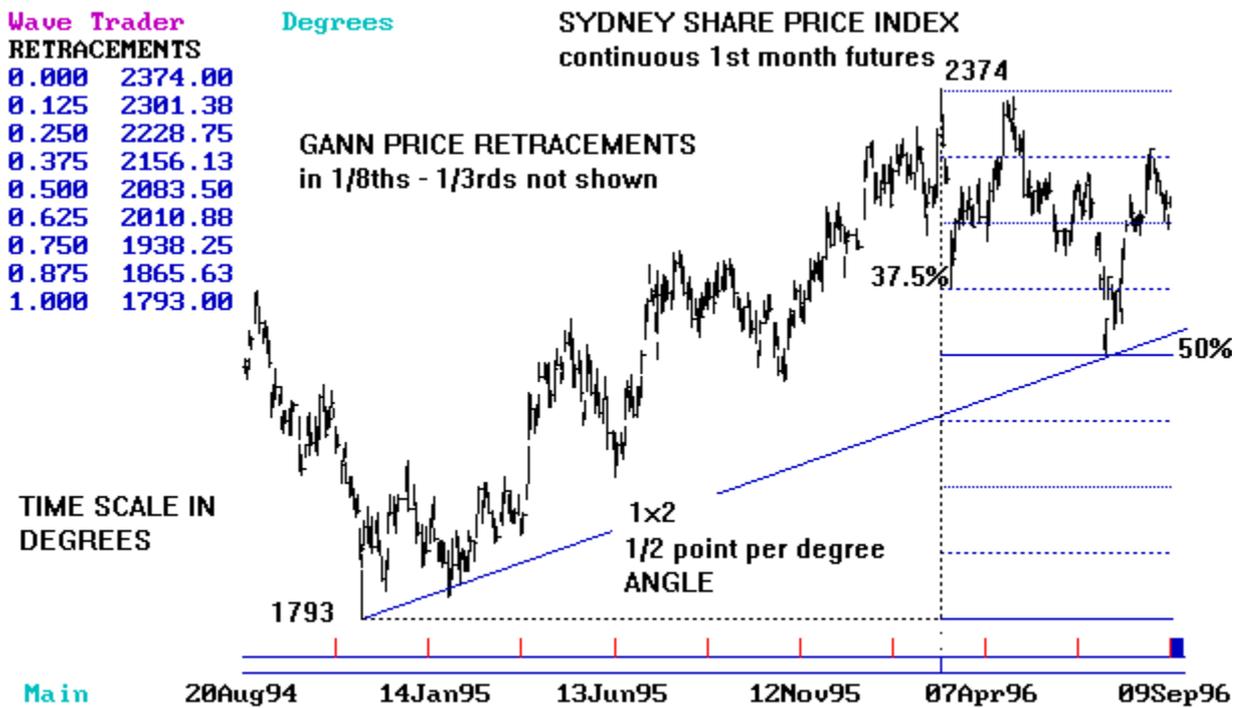


FIGURE - 8 PRICE RETRACEMENT LEVELS OF A PREVIOUS CAMPAIGN

Most analysts should be familiar with price retracement levels acting as support or resistance between trends of similar degree. Gann taught his students to measure prior price ranges and divide them into 1/8ths and 1/3rds, these levels can act as support in a downtrend or resistance in an uptrend. When a market reaches these levels and reverses, all the trader has to do to verify a trend change is to look for a clustering of time cycles on that day. Gann angles also determine time & price intersections. Figure - 8 shows the recent 2086 low in the SPI on July 17 achieving an exact 50% retracement and the March 11 post election panic low at 2158 was on a 37.5% retracement.

Bryce Gilmore is a private trader, analyst and the designer of the WaveTrader-CycleTrader software. The software saves hours and weeks implementing every known time and price method attributed to the works of W.D. Gann and R.N. Elliott. The software operates with MetaStock™ format and CSIM data base and comes with a comprehensive 100 page manual.

Bryce also conducts occasional seminars on the Gold Coast of Queensland to teach people how to analyze markets for themselves.

To purchase the WaveTrader/CycleTrader or any of Bryce's books or for more information on the Seminar call Bryce at Gold Coast, Australia Intl 61-7- 5573 2283 (locals use 07) or email gilmore@qldnet.com.au or see www.bryce-gilmore.com.

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